QSAN

Data Storage, Security & Performance

XCube SAN | XS3200 Series

Product Highlights

- High Performance SAN storage system with Dual-Active (Active/Active) controller
- High availability design with no single point of failure
- 5th generation Intel® D1500, Quad core processor, up to 64GB RAM per controller
- Latest 12Gb SAS 3.0 technology
- Built-in 10GbE iSCSI
- Up to 12,000MB/s sequential read and 8,000MB/s sequential write throughput, up to 1.1 million sequential IOPS
- Scale up solution supports over 4.4PB of raw storage capacity
- QSAN SANOS (SAN Operating System) v4.0
- Advanced Storage Management
  - Thin Provisioning
  - SSD Caching
  - Auto Tiering
  - Snapshot
- Flexible I/O host cards for iSCSI SAN or Fibre Channel SAN
- Support Self-Encrypting Drive
- Local clone and remote replication for disaster recovery
- Virtualization support for VMware VAAI, Microsoft Hyper-V ODX, and Citrix
- Cache-to-Flash memory protection technology

QThin QCache QTiering QSnap QClone QReplica

XCubeSAN XS3200 Series Overview

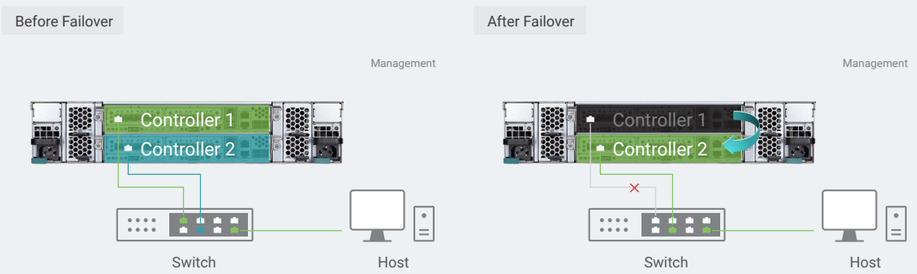
The XCubeSAN XS3200 series is the newest generation of Dual-Active (Active/Active) SAN systems available from QSAN. The XS3200 series features industry-leading capabilities, thanks to Intel's latest D1500 processor, cutting edge 12Gb SAS 3.0 technology, onboard high speed 10GbE LAN ports and the latest QSAN SANOS 4.0 (SAN Storage Management Operating System v4.0).

QSAN XS3200 products offer next-generation storage with blazing fast CPU power, DDR4 system memory, mind blowing performance, high availability, unparalleled scalability, suitable for enterprise entry level and SMB storage requirements, it brings the enterprise-level features to the SMB businesses. The XS3200 range was designed to be an ideal solution for enterprise and SMB data center and remote office/branch office (ROBO) deployments.

Dual-Active (Active/Active) Controller SAN System

The XS3200 series features a Dual-Active controller architecture, both controllers concurrently provide storage services in real time. Active-Active architecture doubles the available host bandwidth and cache-hit ratio, this ensures maximum utilization of system resources and maximizes throughput.

If one controller fails, the other controller can transparently take over all storage services seamlessly. In addition to storage services, management service can be transparently passed to the secondary controller.



Automatic RAID Controller Failover

High Availability with No Single Point of Failures

The XS3200 series is a highly-available SAN storage system. All of the critical components in the XS3200 series are hot pluggable and designed with full redundancy. This design allows the XS3200 series to withstand multiple component failures and achieve 99.999% availability. The high availability design includes the following features.

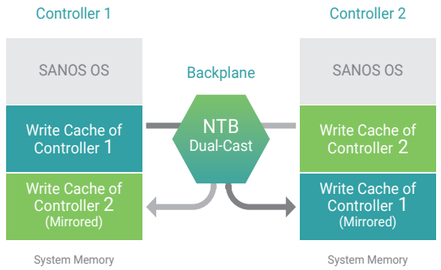
Dual-Active Controllers

Active-Active design and automatic failover/failback mechanism provides the highest level of service availability and supports non-disruptive firmware upgrades. Dual-Active design also allows double the host bandwidth and cache-hit ratio, utilizing both controllers also means there are no idle resources within the system.

Cache Mirroring through NTB Bus

The DDR4 ECC system memory in the XS3200 SAN controller is used by the SANOS operating system and I/O cache. In order to achieve Active-Active HA functionality, the write cache on both SAN controllers needs to be identical and synchronized in real time. When one controller fails, the other controller can seamlessly take over all the tasks of the failed controller.

The XS3200 series achieves this by leveraging the NTB (Non-Transparent Bridge) hardware within the Intel® processor allowing for full failover protection.

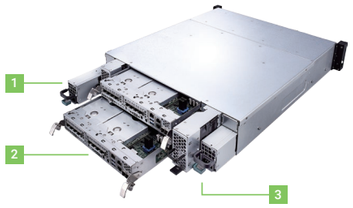


Cache Mirroring Design

Redundant and Hot-pluggable Components

The XS3200 series features a fully modularized, cable-less architecture. In addition to Dual-Active controllers, all critical components inside the unit such as power supply modules, fan modules, dual port disk drive interface designed for redundancy, and are hot pluggable to provide fault tolerance capabilities.

In case of any component failure, the system will notify the administrator immediately; an alarm will go off and the web management interface will clearly indicate which component is at risk or has failed. The IT manager can then simply unplug the failed component and replace it without affecting uptime.



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Fully Redundant Modular Design

RAID protection and Redundant 12Gb SAS Expansion

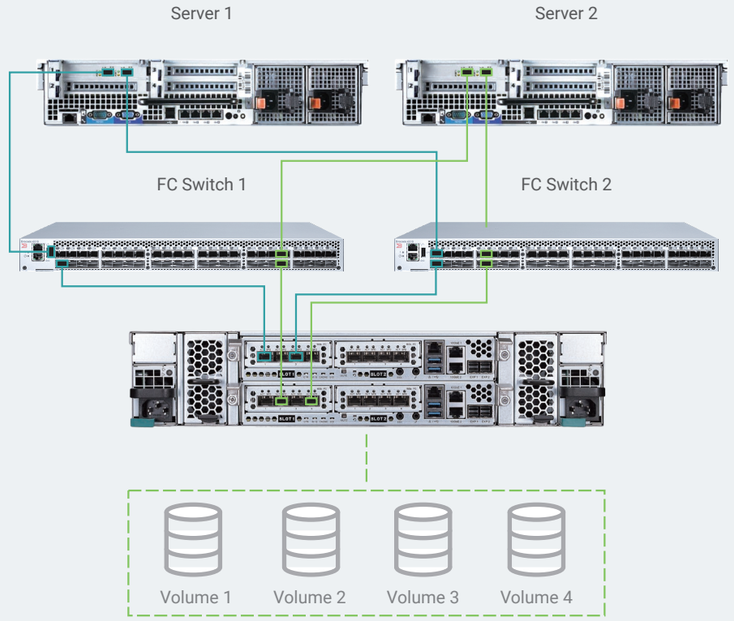
The XS3200 Series drive trays are and-ported and can accept I/O requests from both SAN controllers, providing redundant I/O paths. SANOS 4.0 supports 11 different RAID levels to provide redundancy in the storage pool for an additional layer of protection. The global hot spare function enhances RAID protection by automatically replacing the failed disks and starting the rebuild process without need for user intervention.

There are two dedicated mini-SAS HD (SFF-8644) ports on each controller to provide path redundancies to XD5300 series expansion enclosures. All these redundancies help the XS3200 series achieve 99.999% availability.

Two 12Gb SAS Expansion Ports per Controller

Multipath Storage Access

MPIO (Multi Path Input Output) is a fault-tolerance and performance enhancement technique which allows the use of more than one path to the volume from the same host server. MPIO is supported in both iSCSI and Fibre Channel protocols.

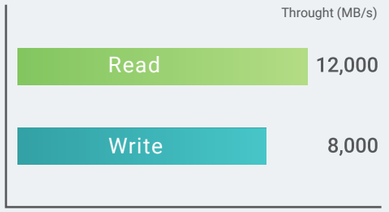


MPIO High Availability Topology for Clustered Servers

The XS3200 series supports the ALUA (Asymmetric Logic Unit Access) standard. ALUA uses SCSI 3 primary commands that are part of the standard SCSI SPC-3 specification to provide alternative I/O path capability to protect against network port failure. With ALUA support, I/O of the same volume can be sent through either SAN controller. Not only can MPIO provide path redundancy for high availability, it also improves and scales up performance.

Ultra-High Performance

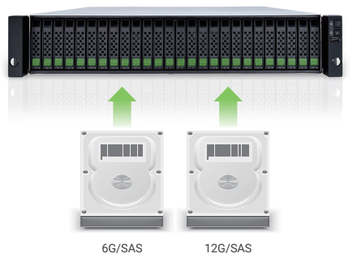
With its all-new hardware architecture and leveraging Intel® newest processor, 12Gb SAS 3.0 backplane, built-in 10GbE LAN, and the finely-tuned SANOS 4.0's performance, the XS3200 series can deliver an astounding 12,000*MB/s sequential read and 8,000*MB/s sequential write in throughput and over 1.1** Million sequential IOPS.



* Benchmarked with IOmeter utility, 512KB I/O size, non-cache hit, 128 queue depths, and 26x 12Gb SAS SSD drives.
** The number is derived from sequential, non-cache hit, small I/O size (4KB) using 12Gb SAS SSD drives.

12Gb SAS Controller

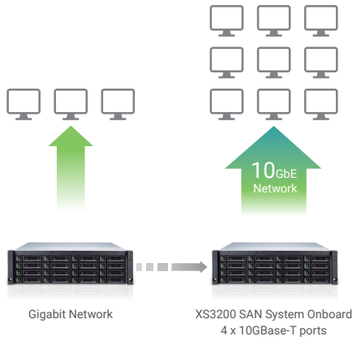
12Gb SAS 3.0 is the latest and fastest drive interface available. It doubles the data transfer rate of SAS 2.0 (6Gb), while remaining backward compatible with 6Gb SAS 2.0 drives. The benefit is that you have the flexibility to purchase less expensive 6Gb SAS drives for initial installation or leverage investment of your existing 6Gb SAS drives and have a peace of mind knowing you can migrate to 12Gb SAS 3.0 by purchasing only new drives.



12Gb SAS is backward compatible with 6Gb SAS

Built-in High Speed 10GbE LAN Ports

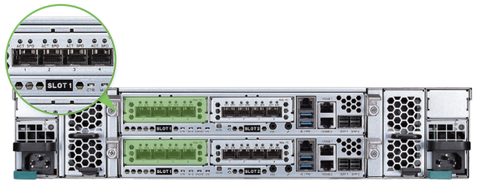
The base unit SAN controller comes with two onboard 10GBASE-T iSCSI ports per controller. The Dual-Active controller XS3200 SAN system has four 10GBASE-T iSCSI ports reaching 40Gb/s bandwidth when you aggregate all ports together. This base unit SAN system comes ready to support a variety of applications including data sharing, backup, video editing, and native virtualization support for VMware, Citrix, and Hyper-V.



Onboard four 10GBASE-T Ports

4-port 16Gb Fibre Channel Host Card

The XS3200 series supports the 4-port 16Gb Fibre Channel host card, it can provide as many as eight 16Gb FC ports for a staggering 128Gb/s super wide host server bandwidth. The benefit of 16Gb FC ports is greater connectivity to more host servers, this will allow you to consolidate your storage from multiple SAN's with only four ports, into one system with eight ports.

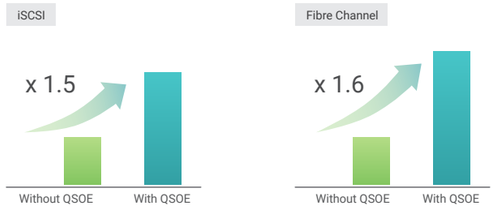


Up to Eight 16Gb Fibre Channel Ports

16Gb Fibre Channel is capable of twice the data transmission speed of order 8Gb Fibre Channel system and is ideal for high-end applications such as live databases management and virtualized datacenters. Fibre Channel also reduces the number of connection cables, HBA cards, and reduce power consumption by increasing the workload of a single server and expanding the number and size of concurrent applications instead of using multiple 8Gb Fibre Channel SAN systems to achieve the same performance.

QSOE (QSAN Storage Optimization Engine)

QSOE, one of SANOS 4.0 software modules, can optimize communication centric processes to reduce protocol overheads, increase session scalability and therefore increase total I/O throughput. As a result, iSCSI throughput can be boosted up to 1.5 times and Fibre Channel throughput up to 1.6 times.



Boosting Performance by QSOE Technology

Wide Ranging Product Portfolio

The XS3200 series features a wide range of form factors including a 24-bay, 2U 3.5" LFF chassis (XS3224 model), 3U 16-bay (XS3216 model), 2U 12-bay (XS3212 model), and a 26 drive, 2U 2.5" SFF chassis (XS3226 model). This allows more deployment flexibility to meet users' budgets and rack density limitations. Through the modular I/O expansion slot, the XS3200 series models can be easily configured as iSCSI SAN storage or Fibre Channel SAN storage or even a hybrid of the two.

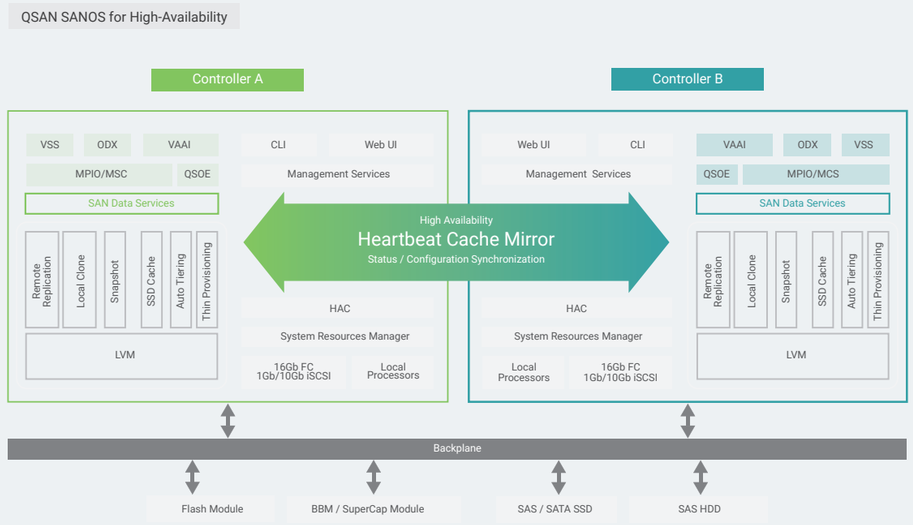
XS3226 model | XS3212 model | XS3216 model | XS3224 model

QSAN XS3226 model (2.5" 2U 26-bay) is the industry's first high density all flash/low power SAN storage. It has two more storage bays (around 8% more capacity) than the popular 2U 24-bay products available on the market. This can further lower the cost per TB, minimize IT rack space, and generate smaller and greener footprint.

QSAN SANOS 4.0 SAN Operating System

SANOS 4.0 is QSAN's proprietary SAN storage operating system. SANOS 4.0 is equipped with a refreshingly simple to use web GUI and easily deployable into any infrastructure.

Based on the Linux kernel, SANOS delivers comprehensive storage functionality including advanced storage management, complete RAID level protection, fast RAID rebuild, storage pool migration, thin provisioning, SSD cache, auto-tiering, snapshot, data backup & disaster recovery, virtualization support, performance monitoring, and scale-up support and more.



SANOS System Architecture

Advanced Storage Management

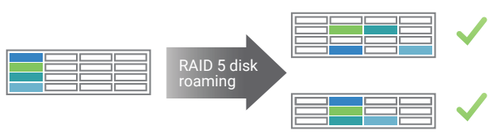
QSAN's in-house developed RAID stack technology has a proven track record of being deployed in enterprise environments for over ten years and is highly trusted by both SMB and enterprise customers globally. The advanced LVM (Logical Volume Manager) builds a solid foundation of disk virtualization to provide complete RAID level protection, enhanced performance, and many other enterprise-level storage features built on top.

Advanced RAID Level Technology

The most efficient and economical data protection method for enterprise and SMBs remains to be RAID technology. Using RAID has two advantages – high availability and better performance. SANOS supports complete RAID levels including RAID 0, 1, 0+1, 3, 5, 6, 10, 30, 50, 60, and N-way mirror. You can choose the appropriate RAID level to best suit the application requirements.

	RAID 0	RAID 1	RAID 3	RAID 5	RAID 6	N-way Mirror
Min.# Drives	2	2	3	3	4	3
Fault Tolerance	No protection	One drive failure	One drive failure	One drive failure	Two drive failure	N-1 drive failure
Read Performance	Very Good	Very Good	Very Good	Very Good	Very Good	Very Good
Write Performance	Excellent	Good	Good	Good	Fair to Good	Fair
Capacity Utilization (Min. - 26 drives)	100%	50%	67% - 96%	67% - 96%	50% - 92%	4% - 33%
	RAID 0+1	**RAID 10**	**RAID 30**	**RAID 50**	**RAID 60**	
Min.# Drives	4	4	6	6	8	
Fault Tolerance	One drive failure in each sub-array	One drive failure in each sub-array	One drive failure in each sub-array	One drive failure in each sub-array	Two drive failure in each sub-array	
Read Performance	Excellent	Excellent	Very Good	Very Good	Very Good	
Write Performance	Very Good	Very Good	Good	Good	Fair to Good	
Capacity Utilization (Min. - 26 drives)	50%	50%	67% - 92%	67% - 92%	50% - 85%	

Intelligent Disk Roaming

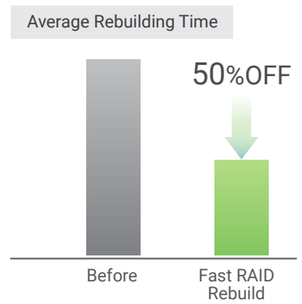


Intelligent Disk Roaming

XS3200 SAN storage system will automatically recognize and locate member disks of a pool among enclosures. If you set a RAID group to offline in order to relocate the disk drives to another enclosure, there is no need to insert the disk drives at the exactly same slot as it is in the legacy type of enclosures still used by competing products. So you don't need to purposely make room for the roaming disks on the target enclosure by moving disks, you can add them anywhere you have open slots.

Fast RAID Rebuild Technology

As disk capacities of 8TB and larger become more common, RAID rebuilding times are getting longer. Industry standard is 1TB per hour, so a full-driver or RAID group rebuild can take hours or even days to complete. QSAN fast RAID rebuild technology analyzes the volume structure by isolating data blocks and free blocks, so in the event of a failure the storage system will only rebuild the area of the RAID array in use. The Fast RAID rebuild feature also includes metadata maintenance operations to intelligently detect blocks that are no longer in use. This practice can reduce RAID rebuilding time by 50% or more.

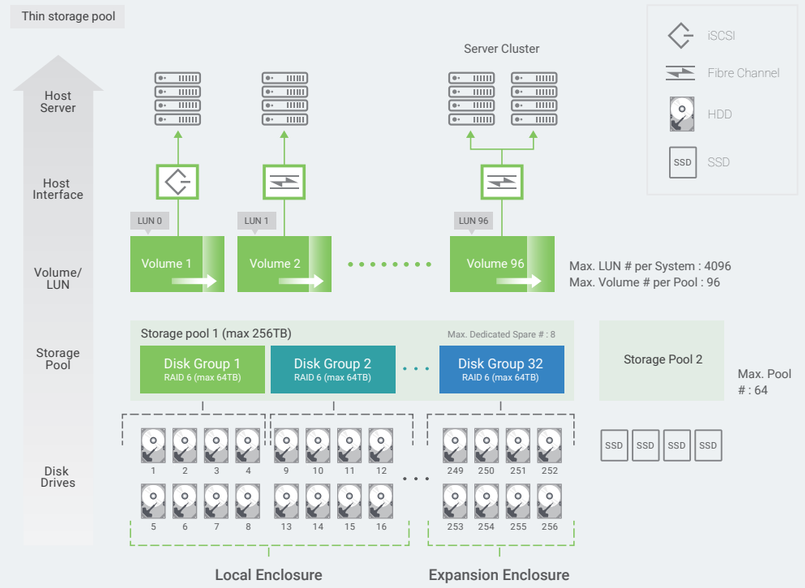


Reduce RAID Rebuilding Time for High Capacity

SANOS 4.0 Storage Pool Architecture

QSAN storage pool supports a variety of SFF/LFF SAS disk drives and SFF SAS/SATA* SSD drives.
In thin provisioning, several disk drives are combined together to form a "Disk Group" with RAID protection. Then several disk groups can be combined to form a storage pool. A volume (virtual disk) is then created out of the storage pool and served to application servers over either iSCSI or Fibre Channel connections.

* 6G MUX board for 2.5" SATA drives.

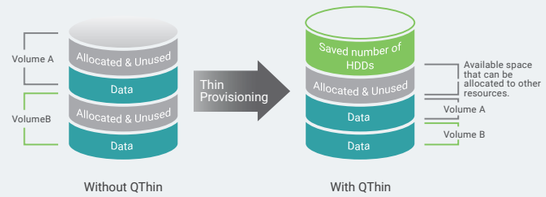


Thin Provisioning Pool Architecture

Storage Pool Type	Max Pool # per System	Max Disk Group # per Pool	Max Disk Drives # per Disk Group	Max Disk Drives # per Pool	Max Capacity per Disk Group	Max Capacity per Pool	Max Volume # per Pool	Max Volume Capacity	Max Volume # per System	Max LUN # per System	Max Host # per Controller for iSCSI	Max Host # per Controller for FC
Thin Provisioning Pool	64	32	8	256	64TB	256TB	96	128TB	4,096	4,096	512	256

Thin Provisioning (QThin)

Thin provisioning is a method of optimizing the efficiency with which the available space is utilized in SAN networks. In computing, thin provisioning involves using virtualization technology to give the appearance of having more physical resources than are actually available. Thin provisioning (QThin) operates by allocating disk storage space in a flexible manner among multiple users, based on the minimum space required by each user at any given time.



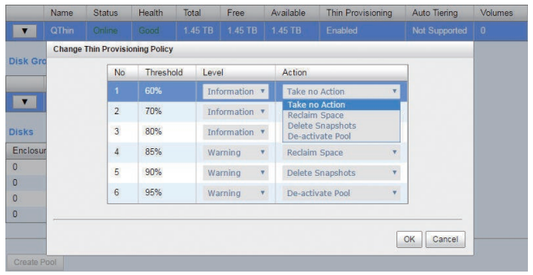
Without QThin With QThin

QThin uses our advanced storage pool architecture to achieve this functionality. The capacity of the storage pool is shared by all volumes inside the pool. This means that the XS3200 SAN is able to support more host servers with a fewer number of hard drives, there by reducing initial acquisition cost. As the storage pool fills, you can add extra disk groups to expand the storage pool capacity without downtime.

Policy-based Automatic Space Reclamation

Normally when data is deleted from the host or server, the unused storage blocks cannot be released back to the overall storage pool. QThin uses zero reclamation technology to recycle unused storage blocks to provide greater efficiency and a higher utilization rate. When enabled, the space reclamation process will run in the background automatically with the lowest system priority without affecting system performance.

You can set as many as six policies for each storage pool to define what to do when the predefined storage utilization threshold hits the limits. Starting with 60% utilization, the administrator can choose the level of warning and what action they would like to take, such as deleting snapshots, space reclamation, and de-activate the storage pool, allowing more flexibility and simpler administration.



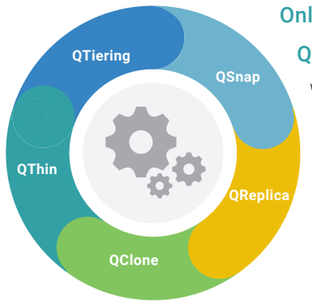
Thin Provisioning Pool Policy

Lower Initial Investment in Drives

With QThin technology, companies don't need to buy a large number of disks to manage data growth confidently. Start with the minimal number of disks, and then bring additional drives online as capacity demand grows.

Enhanced Storage Efficiency

QThin can release a volume's previously provisioned but unused capacity, helping to avoid a poor resource utilization rate, and in fact drive utilization towards 100% with very little effort from system administrators. Available disk space can be made available to other hosts and servers. The XS3200 SAN system can serve more hosts and servers to achieve higher consolidation ratio. Therefore, QThin can significantly help reduce your total cost of ownership.

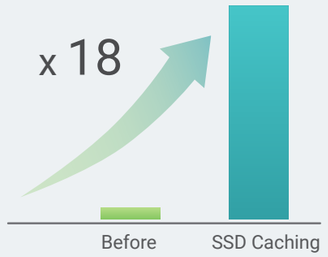


Online Storage Pool Expansion and Full integration with QSnap, QReplica, QCache, and QTiering

When QThin is enabled, the capacity of storage pool can be expanded online by adding more disk groups with zero downtime. A thin storage pool can have up to 32 disk groups with each disk group containing up to 8 disk drives. QThin can also seamlessly integrate and interact with other QSAN storage features such as snapshot, local clone, remote replication, SSD cache, and auto tiering.

SSD Caching (QCache 2.0)

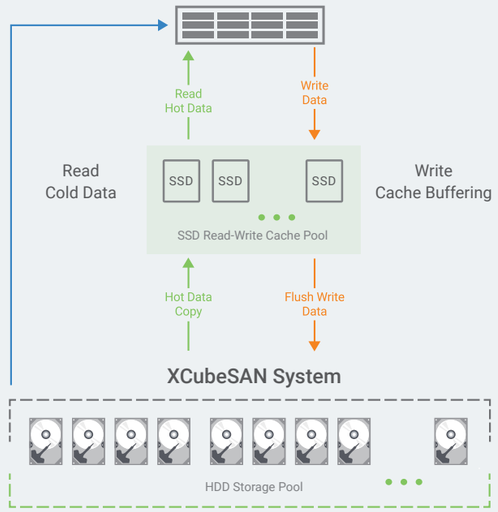
SSD caching is a large-capacity secondary cache that uses enterprise SSD drives positioned between the RAID controller's primary DRAM memory cache and hard disk drives (HDD). SSD read cache extends the RAID controller's existing memory cache capacity and functionality by copying frequently accessed data to SSD drives, which are faster than HDDs, therefore boosting system-wide performance. However, SSD write cahce buffers write I/O to imporve overall IOPS. QCache 2.0 can improve random ready performance by up to 18 times and redunce I/O latency by a third. SSD drives also provide a much larger, scalable cache than the memory. The usable capacity of QCache is in proportion to the size of the controller system memory.



System Memory Per Controller	Maximum SSD Caching Capacity Per System
4GB	X (Not Support)
8GB	2TB
16GB	4TB
32GB	8TB
64GB	16TB

*Please be aware that the default memory of XS3200 SAN controller is 4GB. You will need 8GB to enable.

QCache 2.0 supports read cache and read-write cache* which are up to four SSD caching pools per system. Each SSD caching pool can be used by one dedicated storage pool and its multiple volumes shared for effective usage of resources.



SSD Read-write Cache

Cache I/O Types

There are three defined cache I/O types and one customization option available which are applied to a SSD caching pool. They can be changed on the fly without affecting SSD caching services. According to your application, suitable cache I/O type would benefit the SSD running.

Improve Performance, Spend Less

Statistically, only a portion of data is accessed frequently in any given storage tier and requires the higher performance of an SSD. This ratio of a small amount of SSD drives balanced with many HDDs offers the best performance (price/IOPS) at the lowest cost (price/GB) with optimal power efficiency (IOPS/KWH).

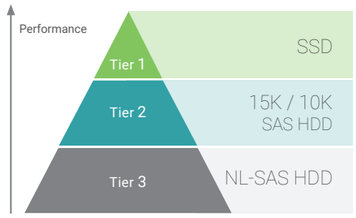
Auto Tiering (QTiering)

QSAN Auto Tiering (QTiering) cost-effectively and dynamically places hot data on SSD or faster hard drives and cold data on lower cost high-capacity drives, allowing you to optimize application performance without straining your budget or sacrificing capacity.

Our QTiering algorithm uses intelligent data analysis that continuously monitors data usage and ranks this data based on how often it is accessed, and how it's accessed. It will then use this information and make a decision on where your data should be.

Our intuitive SANOS 4.0 web UI interactively shows the data being gathered; how this data is being used, and how much of each tier storage should be assigned based on this information. Then at the scheduled time, the most accessed blocks that have been marked as "hot" data will be migrated into the highest performing tier, the least accessed or "cold" data, will be migrated into the lowest cost - highest capacity drive tier.

All of this is managed in the background without user intervention. This tiered pool will also function the same as any standard QSAN pool, and access to our enterprise features such as QSnap and QReplica remains unchanged. This intelligent movement of data will allow the highest performance for the data you use the most, while keeping the total cost of ownership low and taking the burden of data management away from the IT organization.



3 Levels of Tiered Storage

QTiering supports 3 tiers of different drive types.

- Tier 1: SAS/SATA* 2.5" SSD drive
- Tier 2: 15K/10K 3.5"/2.5" SAS drive
- Tier 3: 7.2K near-line 3.5"/2.5" SAS drive

QTiering manages the data relocation and monitors the data hotness ratio using half-life coefficient and advanced ranking mathematics. There are three major functions in QTiering.

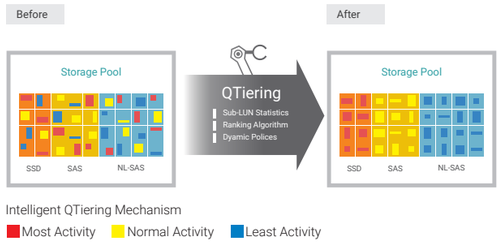
- **Sub-LUN Statistics :** The volume is divided into 1GB units, which is called a sub-LUN. This is the basic unit of data movement among tiers. Whenever there are I/O requests, the activity level of a sub LUN is determined by counting the read and write frequency to the sub-LUN.

- **Ranking Algorithm :** Access records of each sub-LUN are collected and analyzed every hour. LVM maintains a cumulative I/O count and weighs each I/O by how recently it arrived, using a half-life coefficient. The ranking algorithm then uses these statistics to calculate the percentage of hot data.

- **Data Movement :** The data relocation engine then uses these percentages as guidance to move sub-LUNs between storage tiers automatically. The data relocation process will neither interfere with I/O nor stop I/O services. When data relocation begins to move sub-LUNs from slower tier to the faster tier, you will notice the I/O performance increases over time.

Dynamic Tiering Policies

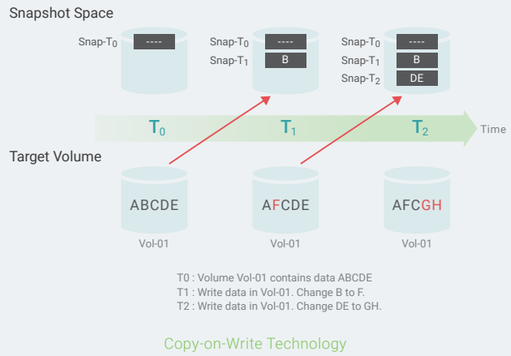
There are 5 tiering policies available that are applied to a volume. They can be changed on the fly without affecting I/O services. Tiering policies not only affect the behavior of data relocation, but they also determine what the initial tier of the volume should be. These 5 tiering policies provide more flexibility and options to satisfy all deployment scenarios.



Intelligent QTiering Mechanism

Most Activity Normal Activity Least Activity

Snapshot (QSnap)



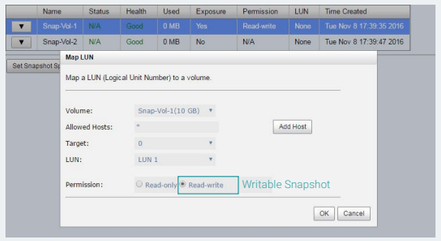
Copy-on-Write Technology

QSAN snapshot (QSnap) is based on copy-on-write technology. It's a block-based and differential backup mechanism. QSnap's functionality is designed to be highly efficient; it keeps a point in time record of block-level, incremental data changes of the target volume. QSnap can help recover a volume to a previous state quickly to meet enterprise SLA requirements of Recovery Point Objectives (RRPO) and Recovery Time Objective (RTO).

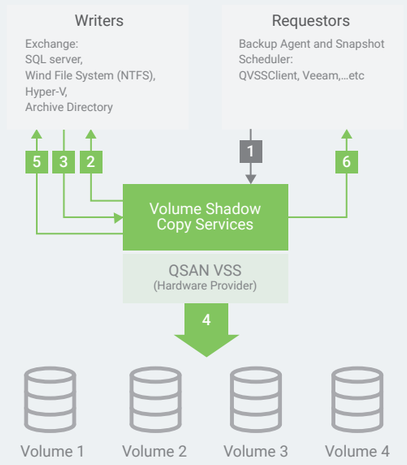
QSnap is the easiest and most effective measurement to protect against ransomware attacks, virus attacks, accidental file deletion, accidental file modification, or unstable system hardware caused by bad I/O cable connection, unstable power supply, etc.

Writable Snapshot Support

Apart from the rollback function, QSnap allows direct access to the snapshot content with read or read/write permissions. There are two benefits. One is that it will not consume the free capacity of the storage pool. The other one is that it will not affect the content of the target volume. Before mapping a LUN to the snapshot, the snapshot needs to be exposed to be prepared for accessing. An example of these benefits would be that programmers or developers can easily test a previous version of their compiled codes simply by mounting an older snapshot version onto a LUN instead of rolling back the snapshot and overwriting the existing source codes.



Writeable Snapshot Support



Volume Shadow Copy Service Workflow

Integration with Windows VSS (Volume Shadow Copy Services)

QSnap is fully compatible with Windows VSS (Volume Shadow Copy Services). VSS is a host memory flush mechanism for creating consistent "point in time" copies of data known as "shadow copies". A Windows agent utility is provided to bridge and synchronize the information between the XS3200 SAN system and Windows operating system. After implementation, you can trigger a snapshot directly from Windows without any data consistency issues.

High Reliability

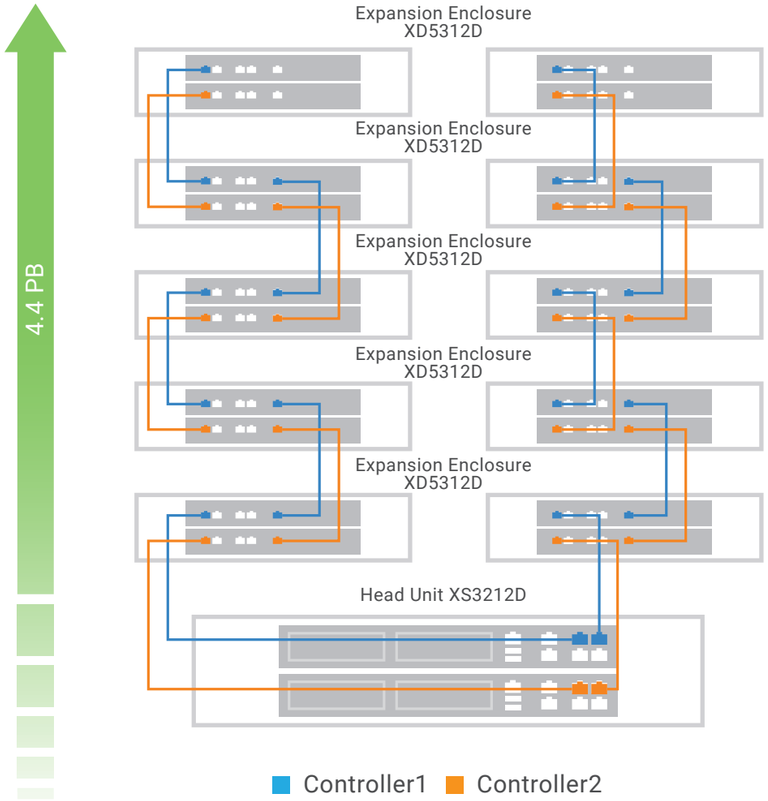
The XS3200 series uses the most reliable components from world-class manufacturers such as Intel® processors, QLogic Fibre Channel chips, Delta power supply units, and branded DRAM modules to ensure the system has the highest level of quality and reliability.

In the product design and development phase, QSAN engineers have carried out a very thorough design review including circuit board's signal quality measurement and critical path analysis. QSAN engineers also perform a rigorous system level design verification, including the thermal cycling test, thermal shock test, shock & vibration test, drop test, humidity test, and EMI+EMS test.

Before mass production, the XCubeSAN XS3200 series has passed factory-rigid Reliability Demonstration Testing, thermal cycle test, high-low temperature test inside the chamber and aging room to achieve over 150,000 hours of MTBF rating. The XS3200 series is truly a highly reliable and trust-worthy solution for enterprise and SMB markets.

Flexible Scale up Solution

The XS3200 SAN provides a massive scale up capability by connecting either our XD5300 expansion enclosures or J300Q-D460 expansion enclosures. It can support up to whopping 446 disk drives or up to 4.4PB of raw storage space when using 10TB NL-SAS drives.



Huge Scale up Capacity Potential

High Density, High Flexibility and High Scalability

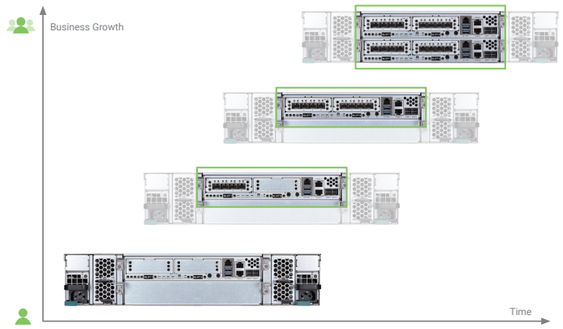
The expansion XD5300 series is the best scale-up solution for XCubeSAN XS3200 customers. It is available in 2U LFF 12-bay (XD5312D), 3U 16-bay (XD5316D), 4U 24-bay (XD5324D), and the world's first 2U SFF 26-bay (XD5326D). These can support up to ten expansion enclosures (maximum of seven for J300Q-D460 QSAN 60-bay JBODs). For ultimate flexibility, there is no restriction on mixing different form factors of expansion enclosures together. Users can choose different form factors of expansion enclosures in accordance with their needs and budget.

XS3226 model | XS3212 model | XS3216 model | XS3224 model

SAN Models	Expansion Enclosures	Max. No. of Expansion Units	Max. No. of Hard Drives	Max. Raw Capacity (LFF 8TB, SFF 2TB)	Max. Raw Capacity (LFF 10TB, SFF 2TB)
XS3212D (2U 12-bay)	XD5312D (2U 12-bay)	10	12 + 12 X 10 = 132	1,056TB	1,320TB
	XD5316D (3U 16-bay)	10	12 + 16 X 10 = 172	1,376TB	1,720TB
	XD5324D (4U 24-bay)	10	12 + 24 X 10 = 252	2,016TB	2,520TB
	XD5326D (2U 26-bay)	10	12 + 26 X 10 = 272	616TB	640TB
	J300Q-D460 (4U 60-bay)	7	12 + 60 X 7 = 442	3,456TB	4,320TB
XS3216D (3U 16-bay)	XD5312D (2U 12-bay)	10	16 + 12 X 10 = 136	1,088TB	1,360TB
	XD5316D (3U 16-bay)	10	16 + 16 X 10 = 176	1,408TB	1,760TB
	XD5324D (4U 24-bay)	10	16 + 24 X 10 = 256	2,048TB	2,560TB
	XD5326D (2U 26-bay)	10	16 + 26 X 10 = 276	648TB	680TB
	J300Q-D460 (4U 60-bay)	7	16 + 60 X 7 = 436	3,488TB	4,360TB
XS3224D (4U 24-bay)	XD5312D (2U 12-bay)	10	24 + 12 X 10 = 144	1,152TB	1,440TB
	XD5316D (3U 16-bay)	10	24 + 16 X 10 = 184	1,472TB	1,840TB
	XD5324D (4U 24-bay)	10	24 + 24 X 10 = 264	2,112TB	2,640TB
	XD5326D (2U 26-bay)	10	24 + 26 X 10 = 284	712TB	760TB
	J300Q-D460 (4U 60-bay)	7	24 + 60 X 7 = 444	3,552TB	4,440TB
XS3226D (2U 26-bay)	XD5312D (2U 12-bay)	10	26 + 12 X 10 = 146	1,012TB	1,252TB
	XD5316D (3U 16-bay)	10	26 + 16 X 10 = 186	1,332TB	1,652TB
	XD5324D (4U 24-bay)	10	26 + 24 X 10 = 266	1,972TB	2,452TB
	XD5326D (2U 26-bay)	10	26 + 26 X 10 = 286	572TB	572TB
	J300Q-D460 (4U 60-bay)	7	26 + 60 X 7 = 446	3,412TB	4,252TB

Modular I/O Ports for iSCSI SAN and Fibre Channel SAN

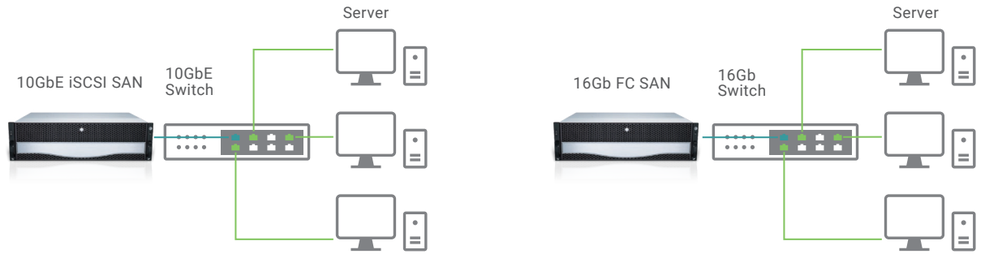
Each XS3200 SAN controller has two host card slots that can be configured as iSCSI SAN, Fibre Channel, or a mix of both. There are various types of 4-port optional host cards available to match your specific need, including 16Gb Fibre Channel, 10GbE iSCSI, and 1GbE iSCSI. You can choose the appropriate host card for your initial requirement, as your business grows you can add an extra host cards to enhance system connectivity.



Expand Storage Capabilities as Your Business

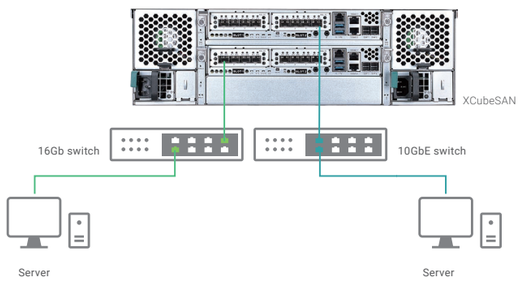
In dual controller configurations, the system can support up to 20 ports of 10GbE iSCSI or 8 ports of 16Gb FC connectivity*. Both 10GbE iSCSI with SFP+ interface and 10GBASE-T interface can coexist and deliver concurrent data services and maximize uptime. Utilizing these numerous ports, you can cost-effectively connect multiple host servers directly to the XS3200 series without using FC switch or Ethernet switch.

Standard configuration - Two ports using a switch



* Slot 1 is where the optional either 4 x 16Gb FC, 4 x 10GbE iSCSI, or 4 x 1GbE iSCSI connection modules will install. In addition, Slot 2 is where the optional either 4 x 10GbE iSCSI (with 20Gb bandwidth limitation) or 4 x 1GbE iSCSI connection modules only.

With XCubeSAN - More servers can directly attach to SAN storage

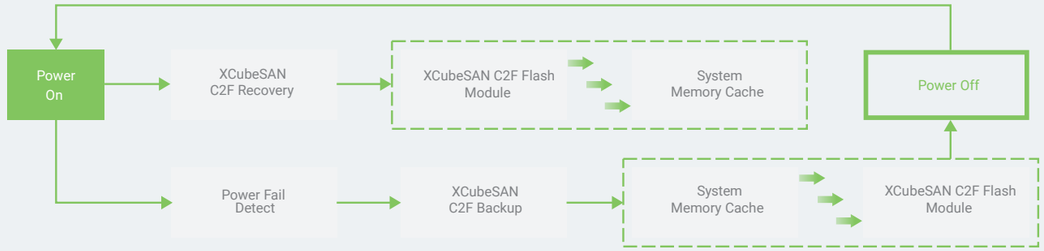


Cache-to-Flash Memory Protection Technology

In the event of power loss, the I/O cache data stored in volatile memory will be lost, this can cause data inconsistencies especially in database applications. The XS3200 series can provide an optional Cache-to-Flash memory protection function that will safely transfer the memory cache data to a non-volatile flash device for permanent preservation. The optional Cache-to-Flash module comes with an M.2 flash module and either a BBM (Battery Backup Module) or a SCM (Super Capacitor Module).

Reliable and advanced protection mechanism

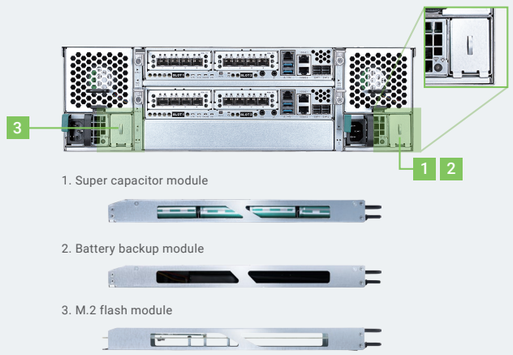
The following is the working sequence of QSAN Cache-to-Flash mechanism.



Cache-to-Flash Workflow

Cache-to-Flash technology will first flush CPU cache to memory RAM, then flush memory RAM to the M.2 flash module to maintain the upmost data consistency. It leverages the strength of both the BIOS and CPU to quickly backup memory RAM data to the flash module. In order to quickly move data from memory RAM to the flash module, M.2 PCI-Express interface flash module is selected for better performance and less power consumption. In Cache-to-Flash recovery phase, BIOS will check C2F flag status. If C2F flag is ON, I/O cache data will be recovered from the M.2 flash module and then continue normal booting. If C2F flag is OFF, the normal booting process continues. Compared with the traditional BBM solution of 72 hours standard, Cache-to-Flash technology is more efficient, less risky and consumes less power.

Hot Pluggable Design with Zero Downtime



Cache-to-Flash Modules

The optional Cache-to-Flash module comes with an M.2 flash module and either a battery backup module (BBM) or a super capacitor module (SCM). All modules are hot pluggable with zero system downtime for an extra measure of availability and reliability. The M.2 flash module can be plugged in on the left hand side from the rear of the chassis. The Power module can be plugged in on the right hand side from the rear of the chassis.

The BBM can protect up to 64GB of system memory, and the SCM can protect up to 16GB system memory.

* If your system memory higher than 16GB, please choose 64GB to backup.

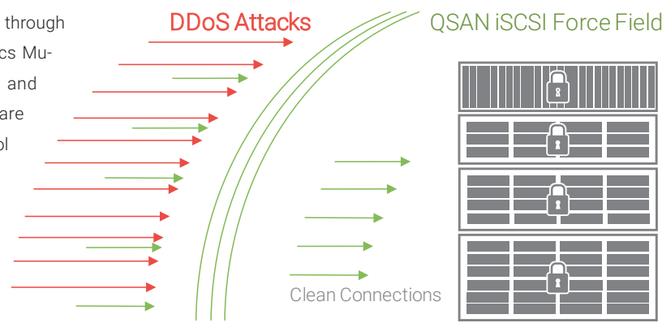
Device	Protection Capacity
Battery Backup Module + Flash Module	Protect up to 64GB RAM
Super Capacitor Module + Flash Module	Protect up to 16GB RAM

Comprehensive Data Security

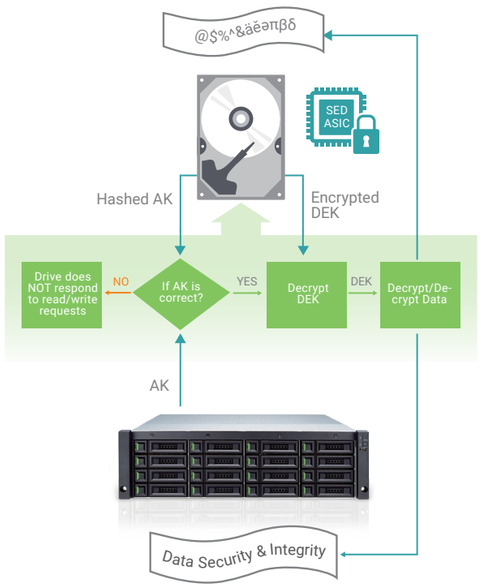
Data security and data integrity are one of the most critical IT challenges for enterprises and SMBs. SANOS provides the most comprehensive features to guarantee your data security and protect your businesses from data theft, unauthorized disclosure, malicious network attack, and accidental corruption.

iSCSI Force Field against Mutant DDoS Attack

iSCSI connections over the Internet are prone to all sorts of network attacks. The XS3200 series has gone through rigorous network-attack tests using Mu Dynamics Mu-8000 appliance. DoS (Denial of Service) tests and mutation tests based on FUZZing technology are conducted to verify that the iSCSI target protocol stack is robust enough and smart enough to fend off all kinds of malicious attempts. It's a serious threat that demands serious solutions. QSAN iSCSI Force Field can guarantee your data has the highest level of security ensuring business continuity.



SED (Self-Encrypting Drive) Support To Be Available by Q1, 2017



AK : Authentication Key
DEK : Data Encryption Key

Workflow of Self Encrypting Drive

SANOS supports Self-Encrypting Drives*. SEDs have a circuit built into the disk drive controller chip that encrypts all data to the magnetic media and decrypts all the data from the media automatically.

SED is the perfect technology to stop the increasingly frequent loss or theft of sensitive data through careless disposal of unused or failed drives containing sensitive data. The XS3200 series can adopt SED drives for better data security without system overhead.

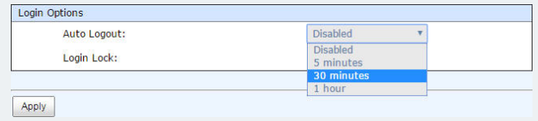
iSCSI CHAP Authentication

The XS3200 series supports iSCSI CHAP authentication. iSCSI CHAP uses a challenge-response mechanism to verify connection authentication and provide access control to prevent unrelated initiators (servers) from accessing storage resources.

Login Lock & Auto Logout

To avoid concurrent modifications to the same storage resource, login lock function is provided to allow only single IP address login at a time. The second login attempt will be blocked by login lock function.

Auto Logout function will automatically log out the current web GUI session after a preset idle time limit. This minimizes the risk of an unattended IT computer from un-authorized access.



Login Security Setting

Data Backup & Disaster Recovery

The XS3200 series provides complete array-based backup functions including local backup and remote replication functions. They build a solid safety net for disaster recovery and meet enterprise RTO and RPO requirements.

Local Clone (QClone)

Local clone (QClone) is used to make a duplicate copy of a volume in the same storage pool as well as in a separate storage pool within the same enclosure. In setting up a local clone task, the first clone is a full copy. From that point on, the cloning is a differential copy, created using QSAN's snapshot functionality. Manual and scheduled tasks are available for management flexibility. In the event that the source volume fails, IT managers can quickly switch to the cloned volume and resume data services.

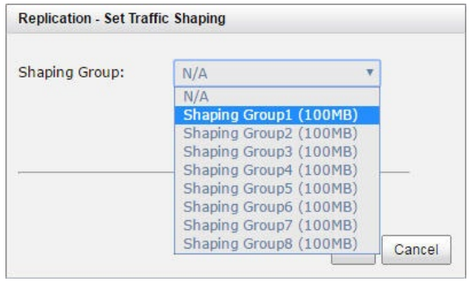
Local Clone or Volume Copy

Remote Replication (QReplica 2.0)

QSAN remote replication is a block-level, asynchronous, differential remote volume backup function through LAN or WAN. QReplica 2.0 has many powerful capabilities including unlimited bandwidth, traffic shaping, and multiple connections per replication task. It's the most cost-effective and efficient way to perform remote data backup. All XCubeSAN storage systems running SANOS 4.0 or above can replicate to each other using QReplica 2.0 completely free of charge.

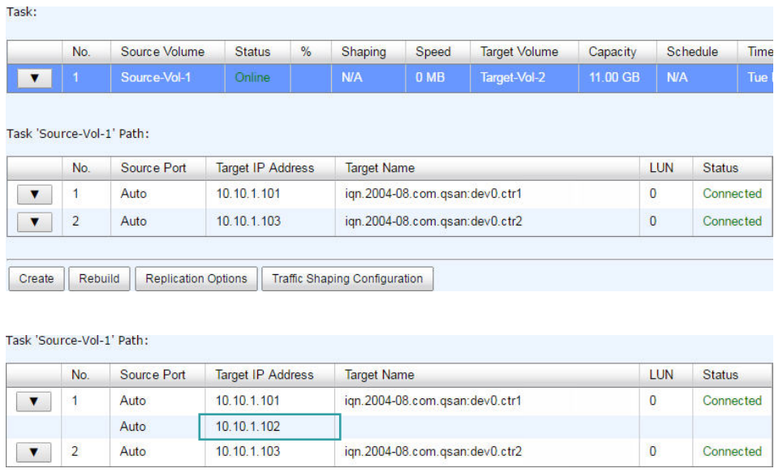
Remote Replication through WAN

QReplica 2.0 uses the iSCSI function to set up a replication connection. It can use the full bandwidth of the assigned network port to allow optimum backup speed. However, in order to balance replication traffic and non-replication traffic, the traffic shaping function can help to reserve necessary bandwidth for non-replication I/O.



Traffic Shaping in QReplica 2.0

If the replication task requires more bandwidth, QReplica 2.0 allows multiple connections per task by intelligently balancing the backup task across multiple connections to enhance the bandwidth.

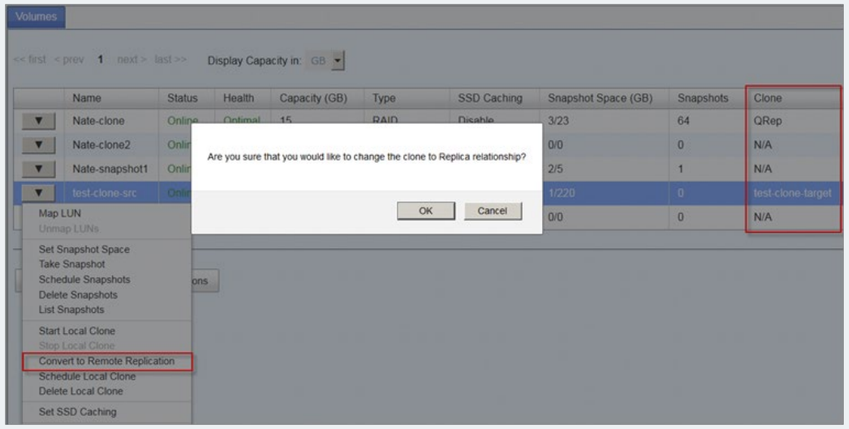


Multiple Connections per Remote Replication Task

QClone to QReplica

Both manual and scheduled replication tasks are supported for flexible management. To handle huge remote replication (for example 60TB) tasks, QReplica 2.0 allows transforming a local clone task into a remote replication task. You can perform the local clone first for the full copy. Then use disk roaming function to physically transport the disk drives that contain the cloned volume to the remote site. Lastly, use QReplica 2.0 to transform a local clone task to a remote replication one.

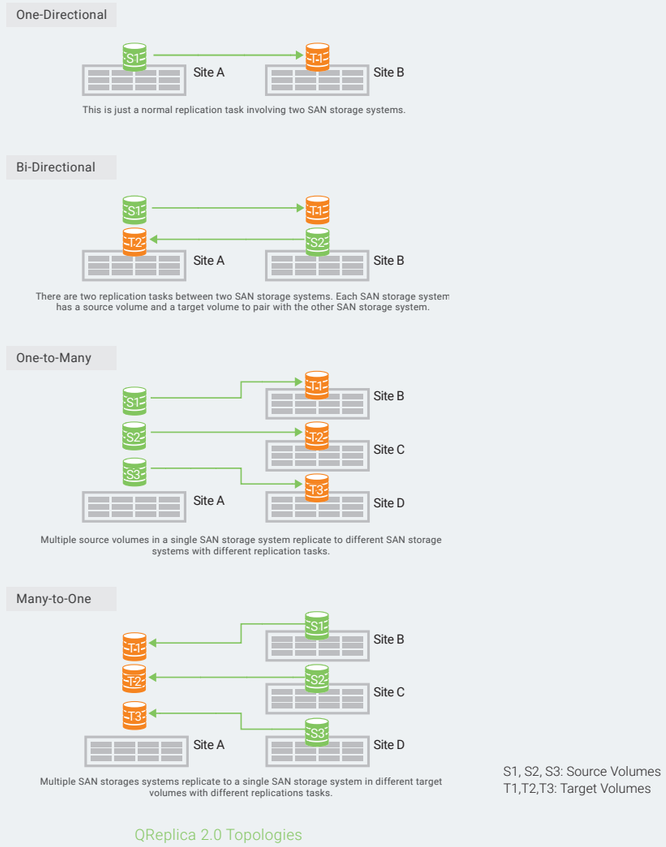
Remote backup for 60TB data from New York City to Boston Comparison of "QClone to QReplica" and "100Mbps Internet"		
Method	Total transmission time	Used bandwidth
100Mbps Internet	About 55 days	60TB
QClone to QReplica	1 day	0



Convert QClone Task to a QReplica Task

Remote Replication Topologies

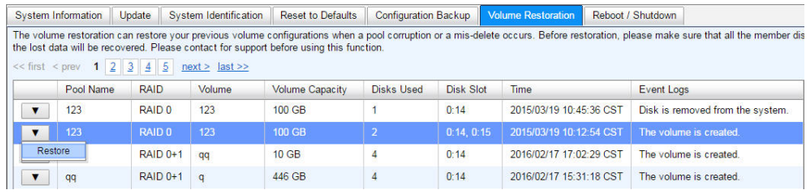
The XS3200 series can support multiple topologies to suit various disaster recovery configurations. They are one-directional, bi-directional, one-to-many, and many-to-one. Both the source volume and target volume in a replication connection are exclusive to the pair. Each SAN storage system in the XS3200 series can support up to 32 replication tasks concurrently. Below are the supported topologies.



QReplica 2.0 Topologies

Online Volume Restoration

In the event of a problem with a RAID group after suffering multiple disc failures, QSAN volume restoration can help to salvage the volume to the extent possible by reverting storage pool configuration and volume configuration to the previous healthy one. Sometimes the volumes can be salvaged, and all the data can then be replicated to a different storage pool for safety. It is strongly recommended to replace the problematic disk drives after all the data is replicated. This feature is very unique to XCubeSAN, and has been proven in action to help businesses recover mission-critical data when all else failed.



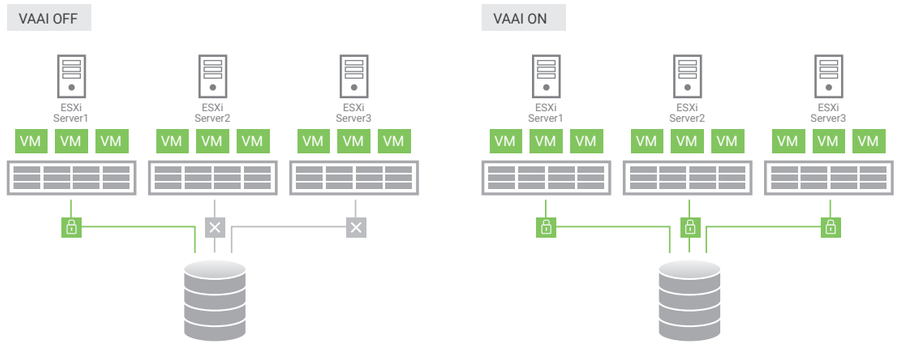
Volume Restoration via SANOS 4.0

Virtualization

The XS3200 series is virtualization-aware and is highly integrated with leading hypervisor platforms; It is certified by the latest VMware vSphere with VAAI support, Windows Server 2016/2012 R2 with Windows ODX support and the latest Citrix XenServer. All these features make the XS3200 series an ideal primary storage system for virtualized datacenters to help provision, migrate and manage VM storage faster and more efficiently, allowing hypervisors to provision data intelligently and run even more VMs with a lower total cost of ownership.

SANOS 4.0 for VMware VAAI Support

SANOS 4.0 supports VMware VAAI functionality. VAAI is a set of APIs that allow ESXi hosts to offload specific virtual machine and storage management tasks to the SAN. With the support of SANOS 4.0 VAAI, it can offload the ESXi system overheads and as a result the ESXi system can reduce the usage of its CPU, memory, and storage fabric bandwidth. VAAI for iSCSI and FC supports Hardware Assisted Locking, Block Zeroing, Full Copy, and Thin Provisioning with space reclaim. Therefore, the XS3200 series can greatly enhance the performance of operations in a virtualized environment.



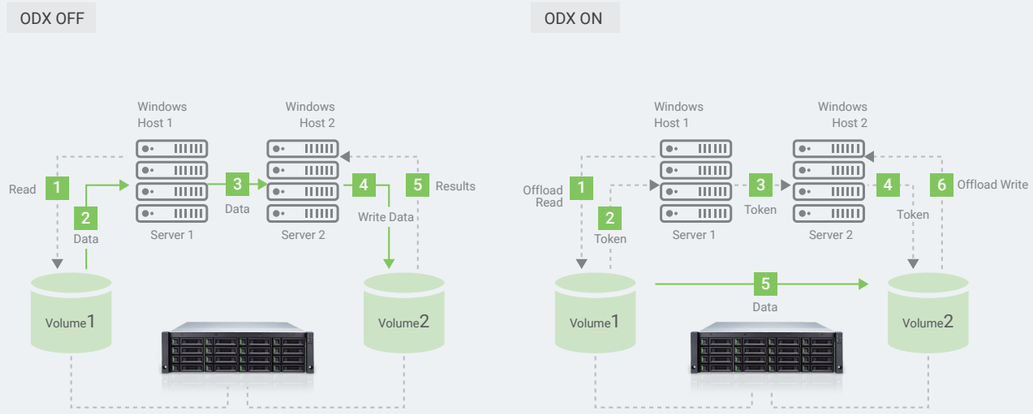
VAAI : Hardware Assisted Locking

VAAI : Full Copy

VAAI : Block Zeroing

SANOS 4.0 for Microsoft Hyper-V Support

With ODX (Offload Data Transfer) support in SANOS 4.0, the XS3200 series becomes a high performance iSCSI storage solution in Windows Server 2016/2012 R2 and Hyper-V virtualized environments. It highly reduces the loading of Windows host servers and improves the performance of copy and move operations.



Microsoft Windows ODX (Offload Data Transfer)

Interoperability

The XS3200 series has high interoperability, it supports host server running the following operating systems :

- Windows Server 2008, 2008 R2, 2012, 2012 R2, 2016
- SLES (SUSE Linux Enterprise Server) 10, 11, 12
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5, 6, 7
- CentOS 6, 7
- Solaris 10, 11
- Free BSD 9, 10
- Mac OS X 10.11 or greater

Wide Compatibility

QSAN's product development and QA departments have invested extensive testing resources to verify compatibility with peripherals including SAS HDDs, SSDs, switches, HBA cards, and third-party backup utilities to make sure there is maximum compatibility with the XS3200 series and typical add-on devices.

QSAN has qualified the most popular SAS HDDs and SSDs on the market. Our users have the highest level of flexibility to choose from the most advanced HDDs or SSD flash disks and purchase the best cost/performance drives to suit their needs, significantly reducing IT infrastructure investment costs.

Detailed compatibility test list can be found at QSAN website : https://www.qsan.com/en/download.php?cid=5

Optional USB LCM Module

QSAN systems have an innovative way of simply displaying system information. Our portable USB LCM module can help you identify management port IP address, facilitate basic configuration, and shutdown the system. When you have finished the task at hand, simply unplug the USB LCM module and then you are free to plug it into the next XCubeSAN system to configure or monitor that system. This can prevent unauthorized attempts to find management port IP address or shutdown the system intentionally. This feature means that the XCubeSAN is secure from internal tampering as well as being easy to configure. USB LCM module is an optional item.

Green Technology

At QSAN we pride ourselves on our commitment to build highly efficient and low carbon-footprint devices. To safeguard the earth and our environment, the XS3200 product range uses various green technologies for energy savings and minimization of your carbon footprint.

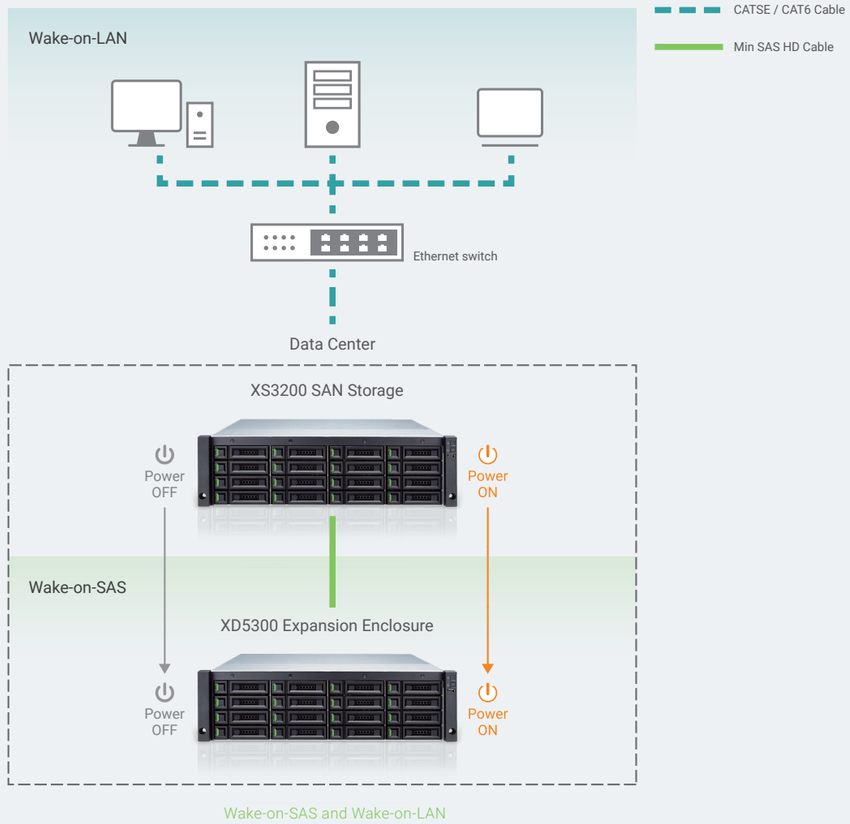
80 PLUS Platinum Power Supply

The XS3200 product family are all equipped with dual redundant 80 PLUS Platinum power supply modules for the ultimate in energy efficiency. At 50% load, these power supplies can provide up to 92% efficiency converting power from AC to DC. This efficiency means that our power supplies can greatly reduce the system's power loss and heat generation.

Wake-on-SAS Technology

QSAN's Wake-on-SAS technology allows you to remotely power on/off all cascaded XD5300 expansion enclosures by using QSAN proprietary SAS cables. You can power on the XS3200 SAN system remotely using the Wake-on-LAN feature. The XS3200 can work with any available Wake-on-LAN freeware/shareware. Wake-on-SAS ensures that expansion enclosures will not run idly, consuming electricity after the SAN storage system is shut down for maintenance or other purposes. Wake-on-SAS can avoid unnecessary electricity waste by allowing your devices to be on only when it is necessary. A further advantage of Wake-on-SAS is that when you turn on the SAN, the expansion enclosures will wake automatically, so there is no need to worry about degrading a volume if you forget to turn them on first.

The following diagram shows that after the XS3200 SAN storage receives the magic packet being sent from the client's computer, it powers on automatically and uses Wake-on-SAS functionality to power-on the attached XD5300 expansion enclosures.

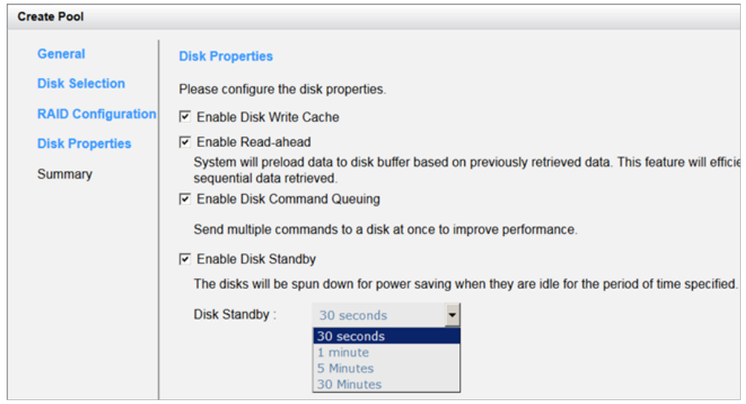


Wake-on-SAS and Wake-on-LAN

Auto Disk Spin-down

When the disk drives have not been accessed or are not scheduled to be accessed for a set time defined by you, the auto disk spin down functionality will kick in, and will power down the whole storage pool into a hibernation state, this gives you the freedom to optimize the energy usage of the XS3200 SAN storage system. Disk spin-down can save 60% to 70% power in low use scenarios such as backups.

When the system detects a read/write requests coming in, it will issue a wake command, this takes a few seconds to spin up all the disk drives in the storage pool to resume all data services. The performance penalty can be off-set with SSD caching, however.



Auto Disk Spin-down Setup Menu

XCubeSAN Applications

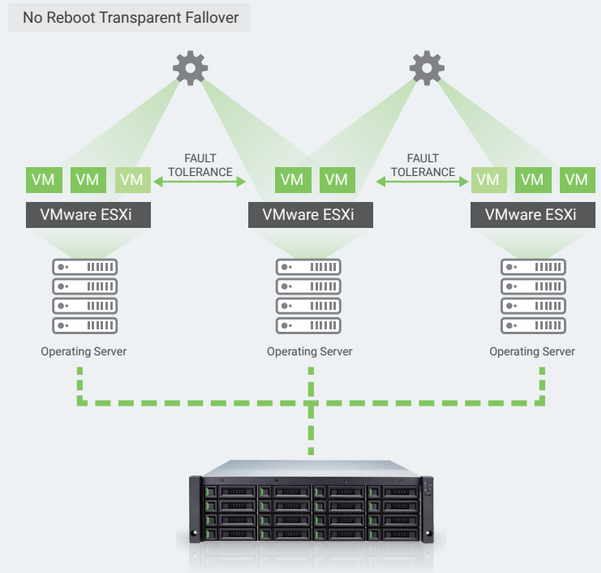
Live Database Management

The XS3200 series is built for mission-critical database applications. Its five 9's high availability, dual active controllers, Cache-to-Flash memory protection, and efficient array-based backup solutions are all tailor-made for database applications. By using QCache or all flash solutions, database latency can increase performance up to 400%. Thanks to this performance increase, you can consolidate more databases into the XS3200 series and reduce database licensing fees by up to 50%. Using the free QSnap/QClone/QReplica enterprise storage functions reduces database backup time from hours to minutes by utilizing incremental copy-on-write technology. Running your SQL Server environment or Orcale 12c database environment on the XS3200 series means:

- Accelerated database performance with stunning throughput and high random IOPS
- Reduce or eliminate planned/unplanned downtime utilizing the redundant components, high availability and non-disruptive operations
- Reduce storage and data management costs and increase ROI
- Accelerate application test/dev process and deployment

Server Virtualization Solution

The XS3200 series is a virtualization-ready SAN storage system. It supports vMotion, DRS, HA from VMware and Live Migration from Hyper-V and XenMotion from Citrix. You need a Dual-Active SAN storage solution to construct a fail-safe server virtualization deployment. Because all the VM image files are stored in the XS3200 SAN storage protected by the Dual-Active high availability. No matter if it is the failure of VM or a physical server or storage system, the server virtualization solution has no single point of failures from head to toe and can provide non-stop services all the time. The XS3200 Dual – Active SAN storage is most definitely "best practice" for server virtualization.

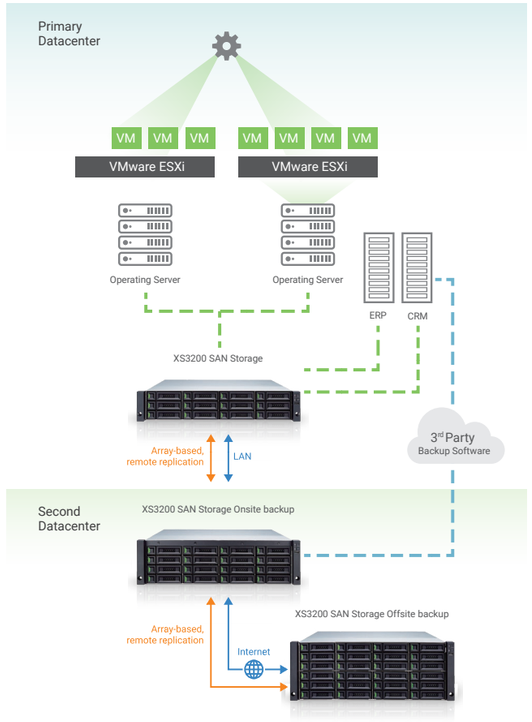


XS3200 dual-active SAN Storage is the best practice for server virtualization

Data Backup

In addition to the backup functionalities within the SANOS 4.0 operating system, the XS3200 series supports many popular 3rd party backup software products such as Veeam Backup & Replication, Symantec NetBackup, and Acronis Backup Advanced to provide a cost-effective, array-based VM backup solution for VMware and Hyper-V. This affordable and complete backup solution allows setting up one or more XS3200 SAN storage systems as the backup storage, replicating VMs locally or to a remote site to provide fast and reliable disaster recovery capabilities.

You can setup scheduled replication tasks with traffic shaping control without involving server computing resources. Massive scale-up capability can further drive down the cost per TB for centralized data archive. Choose a QSAN array-based backup solution to drive operational efficiency by reducing backup time, improving data recovery, while cutting infrastructure and administrative overhead.



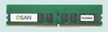
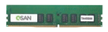
Backup Storage for Virtual Machines

Video Editing

The business community at large has embraced HD video. Digital video is rapidly evolving to 4K and beyond, but adoption and consumption of ultra HD video creates immense stress and challenges for networks and storage on the whole. Next generation storage networking such as 16Gb Fibre Channel and 10GbE iSCSI are ideal tools to solve 2K/4K video entertainment requirements such as content ingest, editing, rendering, streaming and broadcasting. The XS3200 series offers super wide bandwidth up to 8x 16Gb FC ports and 16x 10GbE iSCSI ports through innovative dual host card design. Stable 12,000MB/s throughput and over 400K random write IOPS can support multiple concurrent streams of FullHD 1080, UltraHD 2K, 4K, and even 3D video content without dropping a single frame.

The XS3200 series is an ideal storage solution for pre-production and post-production environments. Superior performance and high throughput make the XS3200 series work seamlessly with popular video editing applications such as Adobe Creative Suite, AVID Media Composer, Apple Final Cut Pro...etc.

Accessories

Model Name	Picture	Part's Description	Applied Models
HQ-16F4S2		Host Card of 16Gb Fibre Channel: • Four SFP+ ports	XS3224 XS3216 XS3212 XS3226
HQ-10G4S2		Host Card of 10GbE iSCSI: • Four SFP+ ports	
HQ-01G4T		Host Card of 1Gb iSCSI: • Four RJ45 ports	
DIM-D44GB		DDR4 ECC 4GB Memory Module	
DIM-D48GB		DDR4 ECC 8GB Memory Module	
DIM-D416GB		DDR4 ECC 16GB Memory Module	
C2F-BM128G		Cache-to-Flash Module: • One Flash Module • One Battery Backup Module	
C2F-SP128G		Cache-to-Flash Module: • One Flash Module • One Super Capacitor Module	
GBC-SFP+ (10Gb)		GBIC Transceiver – 10GbE • SFP+	
GBC-SFP+ (16Gb)		GBIC Transceiver – 16GbE • SFP+	
GBC-SFP+ (8Gb)		GBIC Transceiver – 8GbE • SFP+	
CBL-OPL500		Fibre Cable – 5 Meters	
CBL-OPL200		Fibre Cable – 2 Meters	
LCM-U162		Portable USB LCM module	
SLR-RM3640		Rail kits	
CBL-12SW150		Expansion Cable with Wake-on-SAS – 1.5 Meter	
CBL-12SH150		Expansion Cable – 1.5 Meters	
HDT-351		HDD tray (LFF)	XS3224 XS3216 XS3212
HDM-351		MUX board for 2.5" SATA drives This is for HDT-351 3.5" HDD tray	
HDT-251		HDD tray (SFF)	XS3226
HDM-251		MUX board for 2.5" SATA drives This is for HDT-251 2.5" HDD tray	

Hardware Specifications

Model Name	XS3212D (Dual) XS3212S (Single)	XS3216D (Dual) XS3216S (Single)	XS3224D (Dual) XS3224S (Single)	XS3226D (Dual) XS3226S (Single)
RAID Controller	Dual-active or Single-upgradable controller			
Host Connectivity (per Controller)	Host Card Slot 1 (optional) : 4 x 16Gb FC (SFP+) ports 4 x 10GbE iSCSI (SFP+) ports 4 x 1GbE iSCSI (RJ45) ports		Host Card Slot 2 (optional) : 4 x 10GbE iSCSI (SFP+) ports * 4 x 1GbE iSCSI (RJ45) ports * Slot 2 provides 20Gb bandwidth	
	Built-in 2 x 10GBASE-T iSCSI (RJ45) ports Built-in 1 x 1GbE management port			
Processor	Intel® D1500 family 4-core processor			
Memory (per Controller)	DDR4 ECC 4GB, up to 64GB (four DIMM slots)			
Disk Drive Interface	Native 12Gb SAS backplane 3.5" SAS, NL-SAS, SED HDD 2.5" SAS, NL-SAS, SED HDD 2.5" SAS, SATA SSD (6G MUX board for 2.5" SATA drives only)			
Expansion Connectivity (per Controller)	2 x mini-SAS HD (SFF-8644) ports onboard			
Expansion Enclosure	XD5300 series 12Gb SAS expansion enclosure XD5312 (LFF 12bay), XD5316 (LFF 16bay), XD5324 (LFF 24bay), XD5326 (SFF 24bay) J300Q-D460 6Gb SAS RAID expansion enclosure (60bay)			
Max. Units of Expansion Enclosures	10 (7 for J300Q-D460)			
Max. # of drives	446			
Form Factor	2U 12-bay	3U 16-bay	4U 24-bay	2U 26-bay
Dimension (H x W x D)	19" Rackmount 88 x 438 x 515 mm	19" Rackmount 130.4 x 438 x 515 mm	19" Rackmount 170.3 x 438 x 515 mm	19" Rackmount 88 x 438 x 491 x 88 mm
LCM	USB LCM (optional)			
Power Supply	80 PLUS Platinum, two redundant 770W (1+1) AC Input 100 - 127V 10A, 50-60Hz 200 - 240V 5A, 50-60Hz DC Output +12V 63.4A +5VSB 2.0A			
Fan Module	2 x hot pluggable/redundant fan modules			

Warranty & Regulatory

Warranty	System : 3 years Battery backup module : 1 year Super Capacitor module : 1 year
Regulatory	CE, FCC, BSMI, VCCI, KCC

Operating Environment

Temperature	Operating temperature : 0 to 40°C Shipping temperature : -10°C to 50°C
Relative Humidity	Operating Relative Humidity : 20% to 80% non-condensing Non-Operating Relative Humidity : 10% to 90%

Software

Operating System

- 64bit embedded Linux

Storage Management

- RAID level 0 ,1 ,0+1 ,3 ,5 ,6 ,10 ,30 ,50, 60, and N-way mirror
- Flexible storage pool ownership
- Thin Provisioning (QThin) with space reclamation
- SSD Cache (QCache1)
- Auto Tiering (QTiering1)
- Global, local, and dedicated hot spares
- Write-through and write-back cache policy
- Online disk roaming
- Support RAID member disks across enclosure boundary
- Background I/O priority setting
- Instant RAID volume availability
- Fast RAID rebuild
- Online storage pool expansion
- Online volume extension
- Online volume migration
- Auto volume rebuilding
- Instant volume restoration
- Online RAID level migration
- Support SED drive2
- Support video editing mode for enhanced performance
- Support disk drive health check and S.M.A.R.T attributes
- Storage pool parity check and media scan for disk scrubbing
- Support SSD wear lifetime indicator
- Support hard drive firmware batch update

iSCSI Host Connectivity

- Proven QSOE 2.0 optimization engine
- CHAP authentication
- SCSI-3 PR (Persistent Reservation for I/O fencing) support
- iSNS support
- VLAN (Virtual LAN) support
- Jumbo frame (9000 bytes) support
- Up to 256 iSCSI targets
- Up to 512 hosts per controller
- Up to 1,024 sessions per controller

Fibre Channel Host Connectivity

- Proven QSOE 2.0 optimization engine
- FCP-2 & FCP-3 support
- Auto detect link speed and topology
- Topology supports point-to-point3 and loop
- Up to 256 hosts per controller

High Availability

- Dual-Active (Active/Active) SAN controllers
- Cache mirroring through NTB bus
- Support ALUA
- Management port seamless failover
- Fault-tolerant and redundant modular components for SAN controller, PSU, FAN module, and dual port disk drive interface
- Dual-ported HDD tray connector
- Multipath I/O and load balancing support (MPIO, MC/S, Trunking, and LACP)
- Firmware update with zero system downtime

Networking

- DHCP, Static IP, NTP, Trunking, LACP, VLAN, Jumbo frame (up to 9000 bytes)

Advanced Data Protection

- Snapshot (QSnap) efficient, block-level, differential backup
- Writeable snapshot support
- Manual or schedule tasks
- Up to 64 snapshots per volume
- Up to 64 volumes for snapshot
- Up to 4096 snapshots systemwise
- Remote Replication (QReplica)
- Asynchronous, block-level, differential backup based on snapshot technology
- Traffic shaping for dynamic bandwidth controller
- Manual or schedule tasks
- Auto rollback to previous version if current replication fails
- Up to 32 schedule tasks per controller
- Volume clone for local replication
- Configurable N-way mirroring
- Integration with Windows Volume Shadow Copy Services (VSS)
- Instant volume restoration
- Cache-to-Flash memory protection1
- M.2 flash module
- Power module: BBM or SCM (Super Capacitor Module)
- Support network UPS

Virtualization Certification

- Server Virtualization & Clustering
- Latest VMware vSphere certification
- VMware VAAI for iSCSI, FC
- Windows Server 2016, 2012 R2 Hyper-V certification
- Support Microsoft ODX
- Latest Citrix XenServer certification

Easy Management

- USB LCM1, serial console support, online firmware update
- Intuitive Web management UI, secured web (HTTPS), SSH (Secured Shell), LED indicators
- S.E.S. support, S.M.A.R.T. support, Wake-on-LAN, and Wake-on-SAS

Green & Energy Efficiency

- 80 PLUS Platinum power supply
- Wake-on-LAN to turn on or wake up the system only when necessary
- Auto disk spin-down

Supported Host Operating Systems

- Windows Server 2008, 2008 R2, 2012, 2012 R2, 2016
- SLES (SUSE Linux Enterprise Server) 10, 11, 12
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5, 6, 7
- CentOS 6, 7
- Solaris 10, 11
- Free BSD 9, 10
- Mac OS 10.11 or greater

Notes
1.The function is optional and is not included in the default package.
2.SED drive support will be available in Q1 2017.
3.16Gb Fibre Channel only supports Point-to-Point topology.

QSAN Technology, Inc. | **Learn more by visiting www.qsan.com**

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